

MAKING A DIFFERENCE IN MINNESOTA: ENVIRONMENT + FOOD & AGRICULTURE + COMMUNITIES + FAMILIES + YOUTH

2014 Farm Bill

Crop Program Decisions

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Major Farm Bill Changes

In general

- Somewhat integrates the use of crop insurance with farm bill programs
- Producer decisions more complicated



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Major Farm Bill Changes

- Focused on risk management
 - Program options let you decide what type of risk management you want
- Decisions depend on price outlook
 - No clear cut right decision

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Three Decisions

- 1. Update payment yields
- 2. Reallocate base acres
- 3. Choose:
 - Price Loss Coverage (PLC)
 - Agricultural Risk Coverage County (ARC-CO)
 - Agricultural Risk Coverage Individual (ARC-IC)



Update Payment Yields

Decision choices

- Update your payment yields to 90% of average yields from 2008 to 2012
- Keep your current payment yields
 - Current payment yields are from 1998-2001 or 1981-1985

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Update Payment Yields

Who & When

- Decision is made by the landowner
- By February 27, 2015
- Opportunity/necessity for producer to educate landowner



Update Payment Yields

- Decision strategy
 - Choose the higher payment yields by crop
 - Even if not selecting PLC, updated payment yields may be beneficial in the future

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Update Payment Yields

- Information needed and sources
 - Self-certify yield history 2008 2012





Update Payment Yields

Challenges

- Do you have documentation?
 - · Keep a written record
- There will be audits



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Base Acre Reallocation

Decision choices

- Reallocate base acres
 - Based on program crops planted & prevented planted from 2009 to 2012
- Retain current base acre allocation
 - Current base acres 1998-2001 or 1981-1985

Total base acres cannot be increased, only reallocated



Base Acre Reallocation

- Who & When
 - Decision is made by landowner
 - Again, producer may need to become educator for landlords
 - By February 27, 2015

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Base Acre Reallocation

- Decision strategy
 - Two perspectives:
 - Minimize financial risk
 - Maximize government payments





Base Acre Reallocation

Decision strategy

- Minimize financial risk
 - Choose to allocate base acres to be closest to 2015 through 2018 expected crop plantings
 - Probably will be most similar to 2009 to 2012 plantings

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Base Acre Reallocation

Decision strategy

- Maximize government payments
 - ARC & PLC payments dependent on future prices
 - Depends on landowner's and producer's price outlook for each crop
 - Tied to ARC/PLC decision
 - Higher payments with corn base



- Decision choices
 - Price Loss Coverage (PLC)
 - Agricultural Risk Coverage –county (ARC-CO)
 - Agricultural Risk Coverage –individual (ARC-IC)

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PLC or ARC

- Who Decides
 - Current producer





- When
 - By March 31, 2015
 - Before Feb. 27, integrate with base acre reallocation
 - After late February
 - · County yield reports released

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Ved. Driven to Discover*

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SCO

- Supplemental Coverage Option SCO
 - Available only if you don't select ARC
 - Adds to your underlying crop insurance policy,
 - Yield protection
 - Revenue protection
 - Revenue protection with harvest price exclusion



SCO

- Covers losses from 86% down to the coverage level of underlying policy
 - Example
 - 75% underlying coverage
 - SCO pays from 86% to 75%

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SCO

- County based coverage not individual farm
- Purchased from your crop insurance agent
- Premium subsidy is 65%





Crop Insurance Subsidy Percent

Coverage Level	50	55	60	65	70	75	80	85
Optional*	67	64	64	59	59	55	48	38
Enterprise*	80	80	80	80	80	77	68	53

* unit structure

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PLC Example

2014, Kandiyohi County, 3.40 MYA price, 175 bu farm payment yield

- Payment per Base Acre = 85% of Reference Price – National MYA Price x farm program yield
 - Price
 - \$3.70 \$3.40 = \$0.30
 - Payment per base acre
 - \$0.30 x 175 bu x .85 = \$45





ARC-CO Example

- Payment rate* = County Revenue
 Guarantee County Actual Revenue
 - * capped at 10% of County Benchmark Revenue
- County Revenue Guarantee = 86% of Olympic Average Price * County Olympic Average Yield
- Payment made on 85% of base acres

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ARC-CO Example

Marketing Year Average Prices

Marketing Year	Corn	Soybeans	Wheat
2009	3.55	9.59	4.87
2010	5.18	11.30	5.70
2011	6.22	12.50	7.24
2012	6.89	14.40	7.77
2013	4 46	13.00	6.87



ARC-CO Example

Marketing Year Average Prices

Marketing Year	Corn	Soybeans	Wheat
2009	3.55	9.59	4.87
2010	5.18	11.30	5.70
2011	6.22	12.50	7.24
2012	6.89	14.40	7.77
2013	4.46	13.00	6.87
5 Year Olympic Average for 2014	5.28	12.27	6.60

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ARC-CO Example

Marketing Year Average Prices

Marketing Year	Corn	Soybeans	Wheat
2010	5.18	11.30	5.70
2011	6.22	12.50	7.24
2012	6.89	14.40	7.77
2013	4.46	13.00	6.87
2014 guess?	3.95	9.50	5.25
5 Year Olympic Average for 2015	5.28	12.27	6.60



ARC-CO Example

County Yield (Kandiyohi example)

Year	Corn	Soybeans	Wheat
2009	185	44	57
2010	175	47	50
2011	149	37	37
2012	185	46	48
2013	166	46	44
5 Year Olympic Average for 2014	175	45	47

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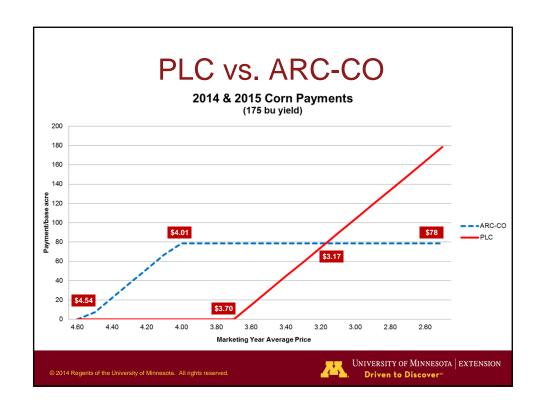


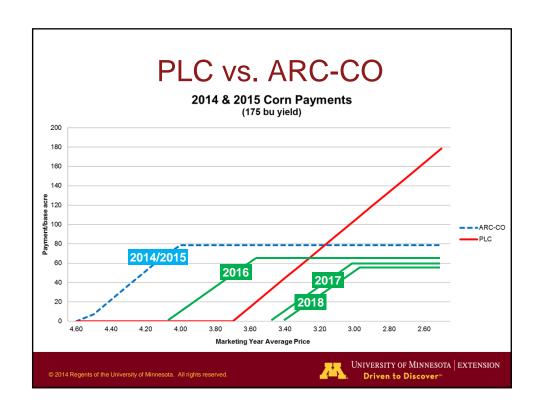
ARC-CO Example

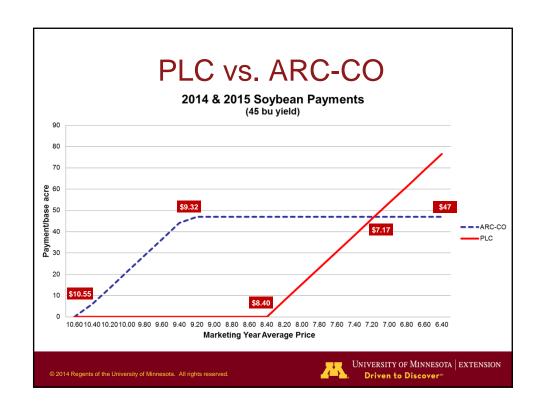
2014, Kandiyohi County, 3.40 MYA price, 175 bu county yield

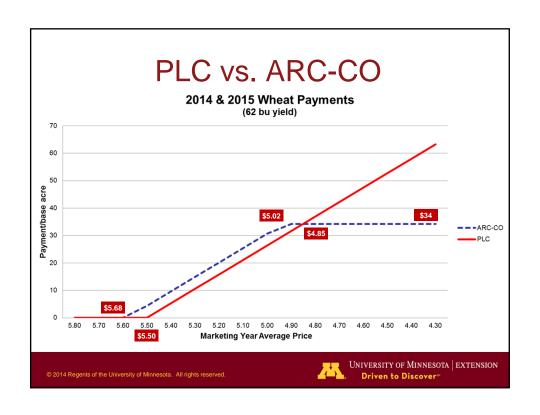
- County benchmark revenue
 - \$5.28 x 175 bu = \$924 (10% max pay rate \$92)
- County revenue guarantee
 - \$924 x .86 = \$795
- 2014 Actual revenue
 - \$3.40 x 175 bu = \$595
- Payment rate
 - \$795 \$595 = \$200, decreased to max rate \$92
- Payment per base acre
 - \$92 x .85 = \$78











- Decision strategy
 - Weighing the different approaches:
 - Risk management
 - Price expectations over next five years



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PLC or ARC

- Risk management approach
 - PLC helps producers manage:
 - Catastrophic low prices (deep loss)



- Risk management approach
 - ARC-CO helps producers manage:
 - Shallow revenue losses
 - Declining revenue
 - Yield losses



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PLC or ARC

- Risk management approach
 - ARC-IC helps producers manage risk on farms with:
 - Volatile yields
 - Yields higher than county averages



- Risk management approach
 - How will you use crop insurance and commodity programs to manage risk
 - Will SCO with PLC be a cost effective option
 - Premium cost
 - · County insurance vs. individual farm

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PLC or ARC

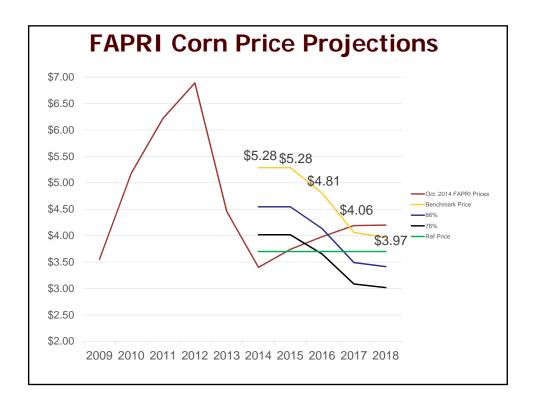
- Price expectations over next five years
 - PLC: relative to reference price
 - ARC: historical prices vs expected prices

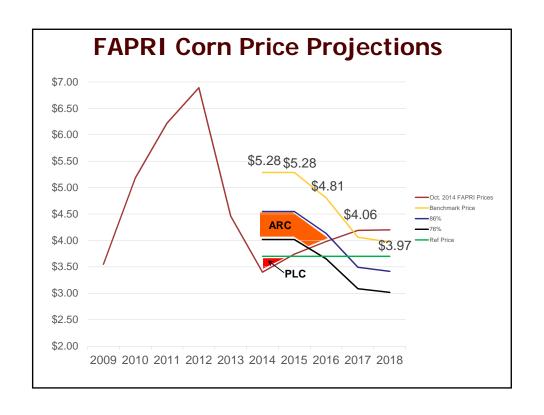


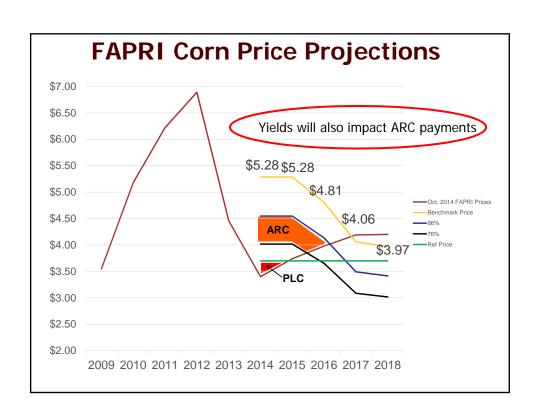


- Price expectations over next five years
 - Have price forecasts, but no one knows future prices
 - Decision has become much more challenging with lower prices









- Price expectations over next five years
 - There will be ARC-CO payments the next few years
 - Will ARC-CO early year payments have more weight in your decision?

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PLC or ARC

- Price expectations over next five years
 - Breakeven prices
 - If MYA corn price 2014 2018 averages above \$3.35 ARC-CO will have higher payments
 - If MYA soybean price averages above \$7.45 ARC-CO payments higher than PLC
 - If MYA wheat price averages above \$4.90 ARC-CO payments higher than PLC
 - Breakeven prices vary slightly by yield



- Price expectations over next five years
 - MN corn historic average price is \$.09 below national price, soybeans \$.18 below, & wheat is \$.25 above
 - Be aware of:
 - Catastrophic prices PLC more protection
 - Disaster yields ARC more protection

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PLC or ARC

- Decision strategy
 - Is ARC–IC an option for your farm
 - Maybe useful for farms:
 - Whose yields much higher than county yields
 - Have highly variable yields
 - May work if use for only one farm with one crop
 - That want to expand vegetable production



- Decision strategy
 - Other thoughts
 - Diversify risk management use both ARC-CO and PLC
 - By crops
 - By farms



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PLC or ARC

- Decision strategy
 - Each farm is different
 - Producers have different price outlooks
 - Run different price and yield scenarios using the national decision aids

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- Decision strategy
 - Let's look at 3 scenarios
 - Low prices
 - Higher prices
 - Variable prices
 - All at 80% crop insurance coverage



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PLC or ARC

Sample MN Farm

Base Acres		
	Current	Reallocated
	Base	Base
Corn	600	677
Soybeans	400	323



Low price scenario

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Corn (\$/bu)	\$3.40	\$2.85	\$2.85	\$2.85	\$2.85
Soybeans (\$/bu)	\$10.00	\$8.50	\$8.50	\$8.50	\$8.50

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PLC or ARC

Low price scenario

Total Average Expected Payments 2014 - 2018						
Crops	ARC-C	PLC	PLC+SCO	ARC-I		
Corn	\$207,750	\$288,565	\$299,690	¢212 560		
Soybeans	\$48,800	\$20,760	\$24,405	\$212,560		



- Low price scenario
 - Best option
 - PLC+SCO for corn
 - ARC-C for soybeans



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PLC or ARC

High price scenario

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Corn (\$/bu)	\$3.40	\$4.00	\$4.50	\$5.00	\$5.00
Soybeans (\$/bu)	\$10.00	\$11.00	\$12.00	\$14.00	\$14.00



High price scenario

Total Average Expected Payments 2014 - 2018						
Crops	ARC-C	PLC	PLC+SCO	ARC-I		
Corn	\$97,440	\$49,185	\$68,310	¢102.500		
Soybeans	\$19,260	\$1,720	\$7,495	\$102,590		

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PLC or ARC

- High price scenario
 - Best option
 - ARC-C for corn
 - ARC-C for soybeans





Variable price scenario

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Corn (\$/bu)	\$3.40	\$2.85	\$4.75	\$5.00	\$4.00
Soybeans (\$/bu)	\$10.00	\$7.60	\$11.00	\$12.00	\$10.50

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PLC or ARC

• Variable price scenario

Total Average Expected Payments 2014 - 2018						
Crops	ARC-C	PLC	PLC+SCO	ARC-I		
Corn	\$119,385	\$110,255	\$127,185	\$129,310		
Soybeans	\$33,245	\$12,420	\$16,955	φ129,310		



• Variable price scenario

Total Average Expected Payments 2014 - 2018							
Crops	ARC-C	PLC	PLC+SCO	ARC-I			
Corn	\$119,385	\$110,255	\$127,185	\$129,310			
Soybeans	\$33,245	\$12,420	\$16,955	φ129,310			

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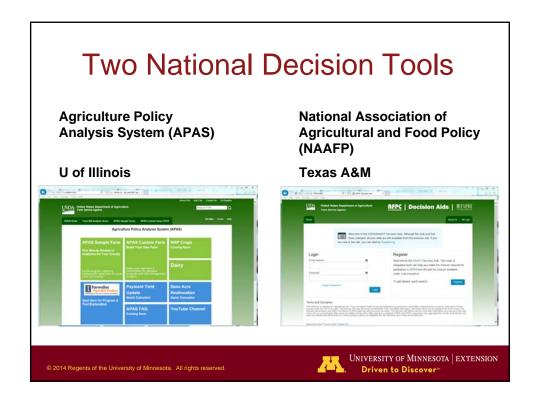


PLC or ARC

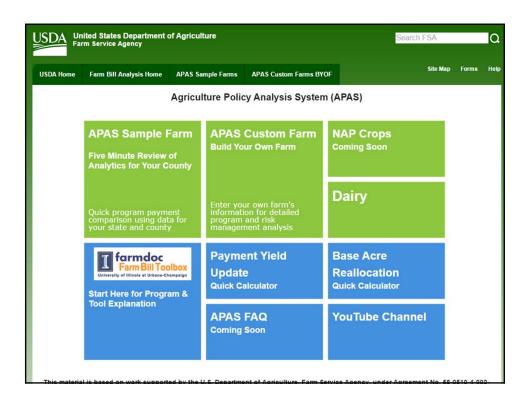
- Variable price scenario
 - Best option
 - PLC+SCO for corn
 - ARC-C for soybeans

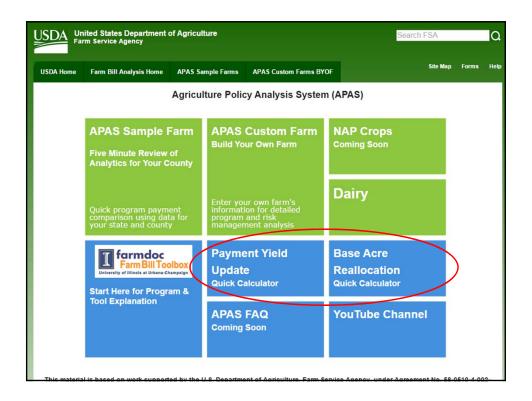


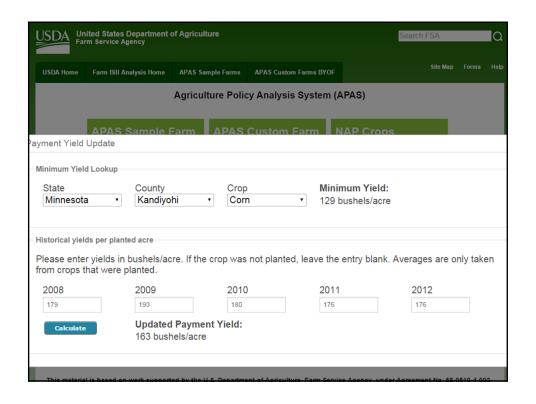


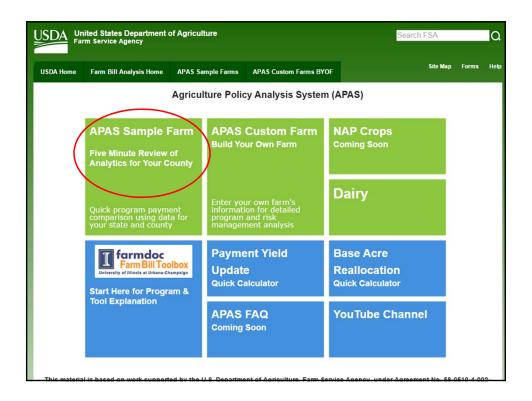


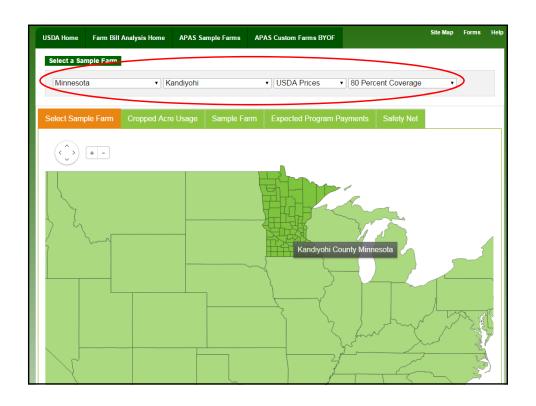


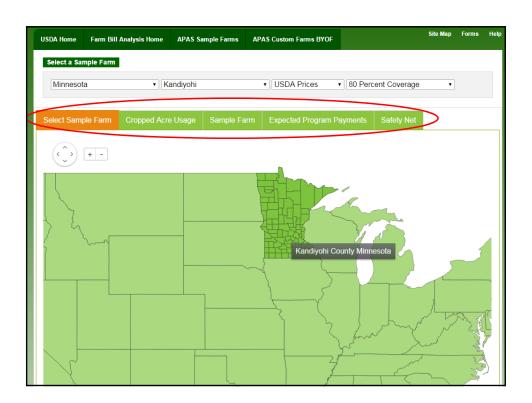


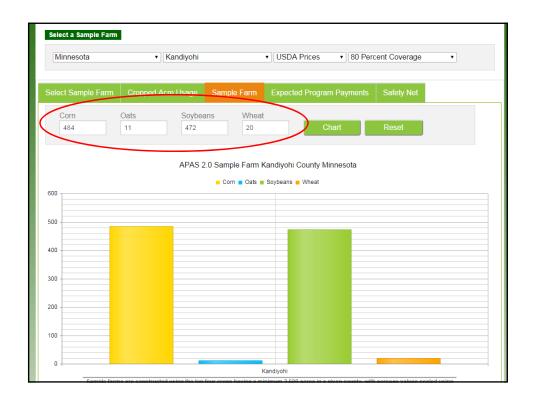


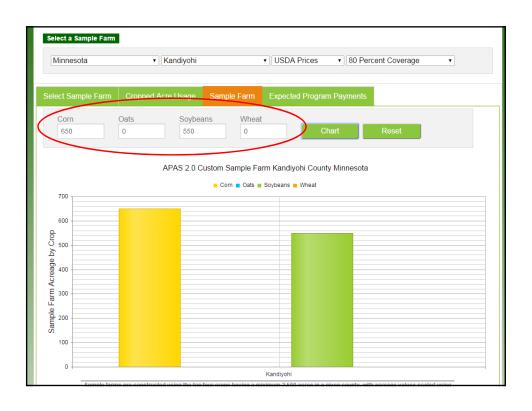


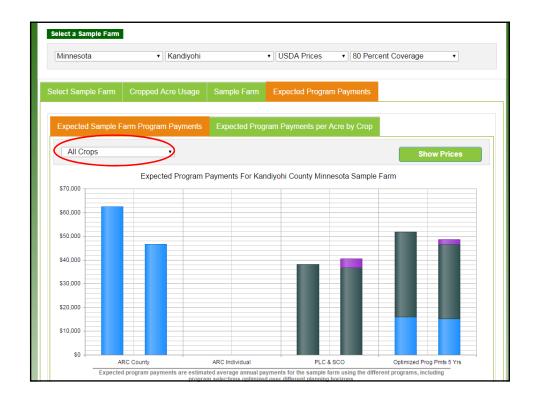


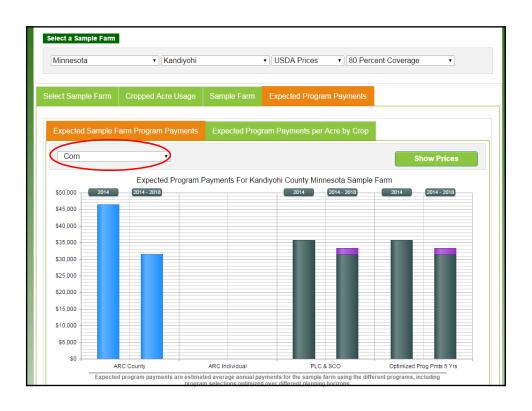


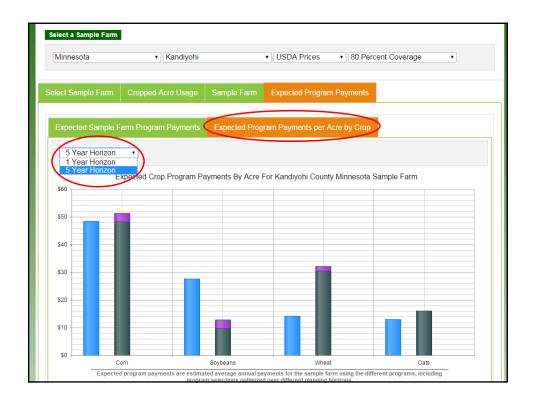


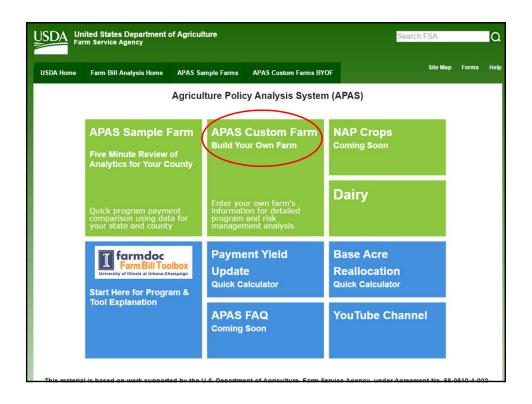


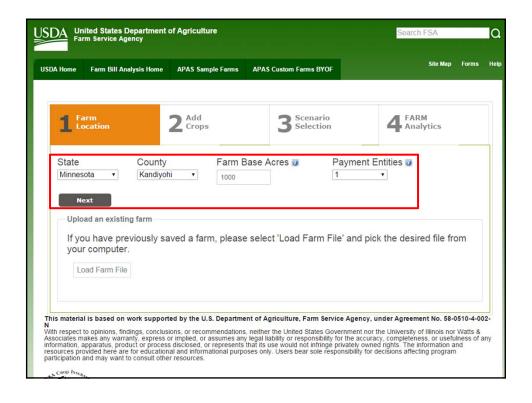


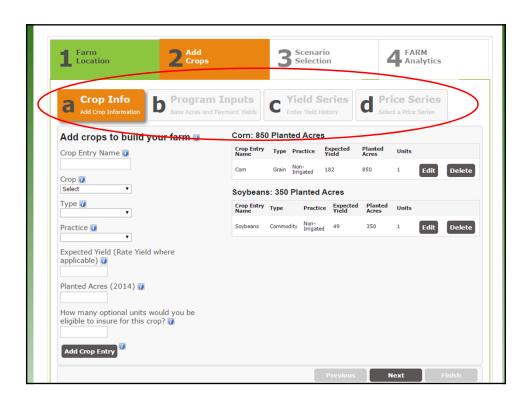


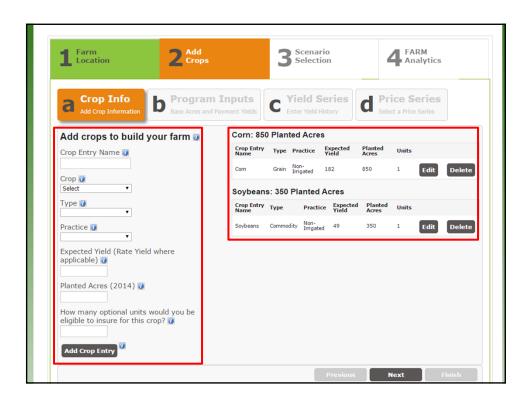


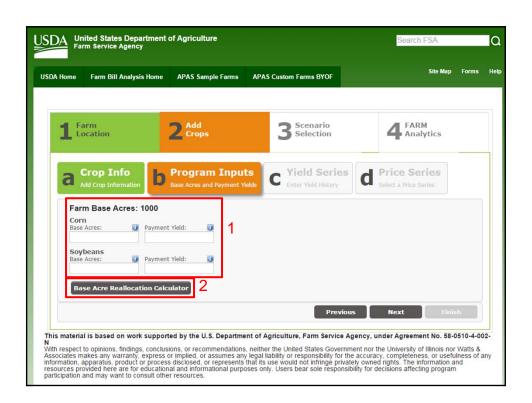


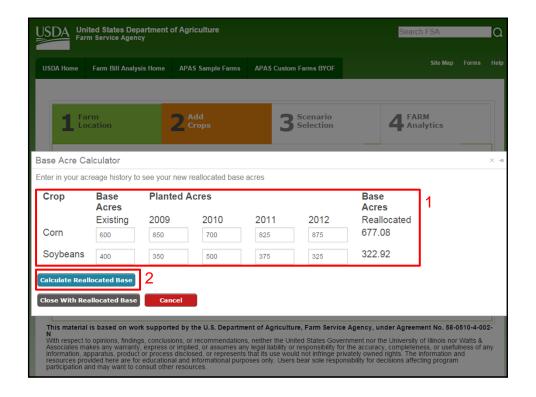


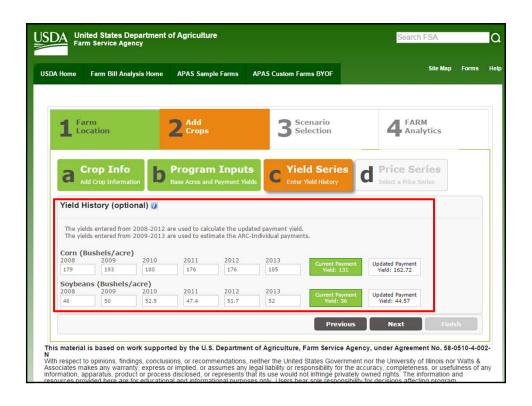


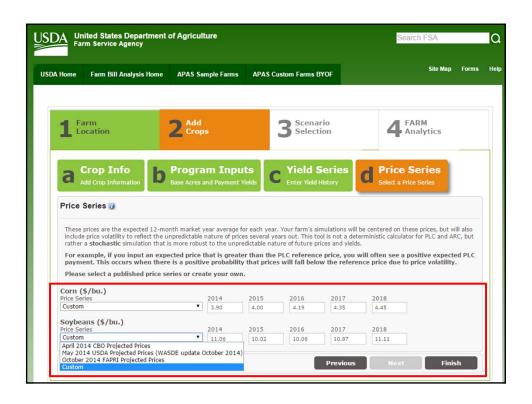












Corn Price Series

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
FAPRI (Nov)	3.50	3.89	4.02	4.10	4.10
USDA (May) Oct WASDE update of 2014 price	3.50	3.68	3.38	3.47	3.53
Congressional Budget (April)	3.90	4.00	4.19	4.35	4.45



Soybean Price Series

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
FAPRI (Nov)	10.00	9.10	9.78	10.08	10.23
USDA (May) Oct WASDE update of 2014 price	10.00	8.66	9.00	8.97	9.19
Congressional Budget (April)	11.06	10.02	10.06	10.87	11.11

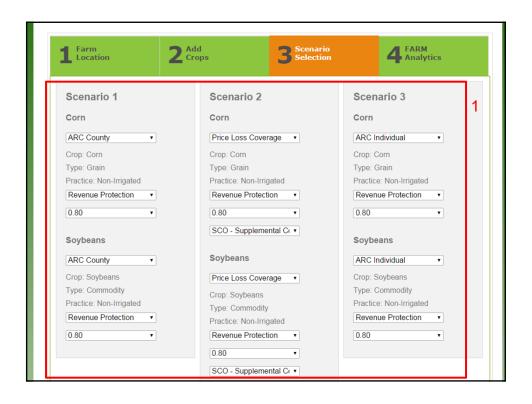
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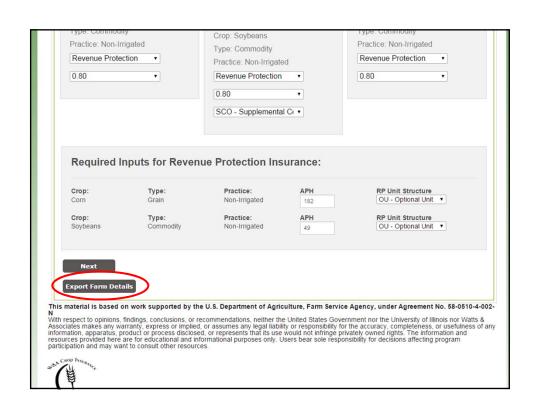


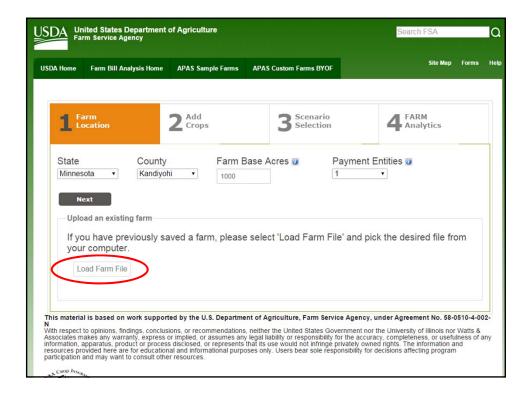
Wheat Price Series

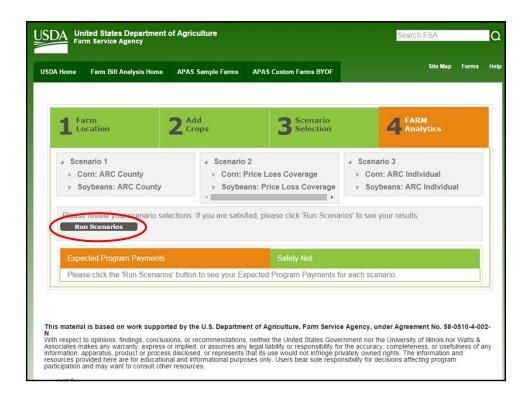
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
FAPRI (Nov)	5.90	5.36	5.50	5.70	5.90
USDA (May) Oct WASDE update of 2014 price	5.90	5.10	4.38	4.33	4.56
Congressional Budget (April)	5.40	5.60	5.63	5.65	5.78



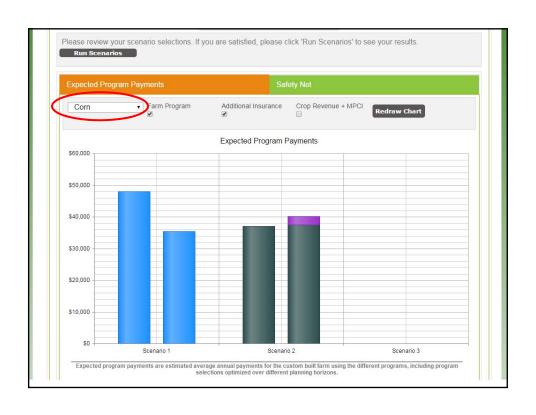












- Decision strategy questions
 - What is your price outlook?
 - What risks are you most concerned about managing?
 - Is ARC-I a viable option for you?
 - Is SCO a cost effective insurance option?

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PLC or ARC

- Decision strategy questions
 - Do you want to diversify your risk management with both ARC-C and PLC?
 - How do your program decisions fit with your crop insurance decisions?



Additional Information

http://farmbill.umn.edu/

• This training available online

http://farmbilltoolbox.farmdoc.illinois.edu/

• Large collection of farm bill articles and presentations

http://z.umn.edu/cropfarmbill

Minnesota fact sheets and updates



